DNS Attacks

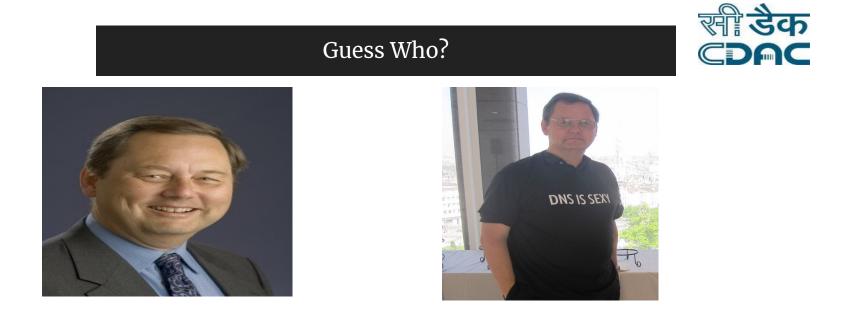


Sanjay Adiwal, Principal Technical Officer C-DAC Bengaluru

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Paul V. Mockapetris is an American computer scientist and Internet pioneer, who, together with Jon Postel, invented the Internet Domain Name System

Guess Who?



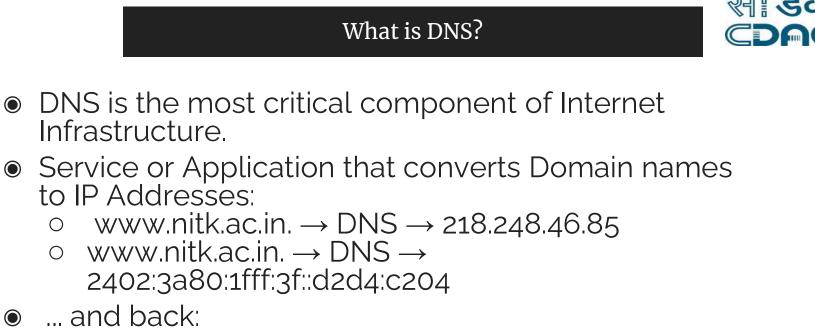
- Once one of the FBI's Most Wanted because he hacked into 40 major corporations just for the challenge.
- Kevin is now a trusted security consultant to the Fortune 500 and governments worldwide.



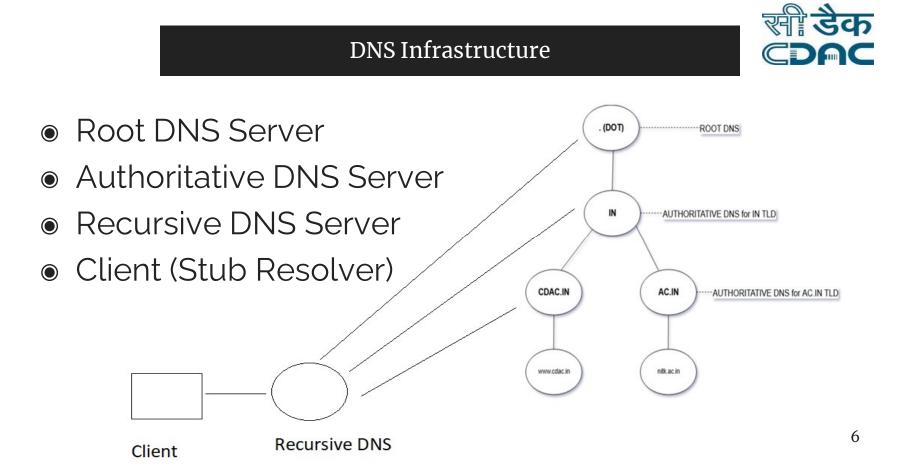


Kevin Mitnick · 2nd Im The World's Most Famous Hacker | CEO | Author | Professional Speaker Las Vegas, Nevada Area · 500+ connections · Contact info

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- \circ 218.248.46.85 \rightarrow DNS \rightarrow www.nitk.ac.in.
- 2402:3a80:1fff:3f::d2d4:c204 \rightarrow DNS \rightarrow www.nitk.ac.in.

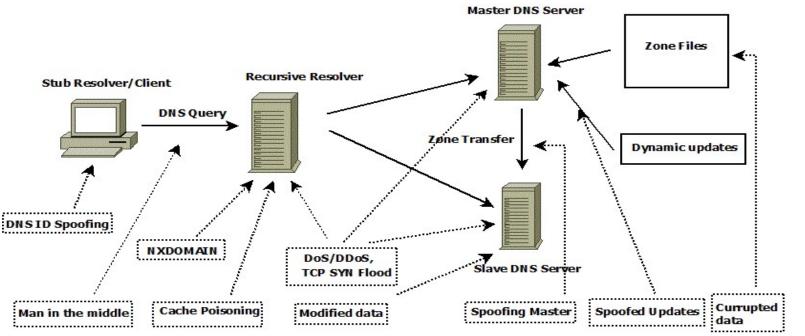


DNS Attacks types



- Attacks on DNS Infrastructure
 - Attacks on Root, Authoritative and Recursive DNS, Stub resolver.
 - DoS/DDoS, DNS Cache Poisoning, DNS MITM etc.
- Attacks exploiting the DNS Infrastructure
 - Attacks on target system using DNS Infrastructure.
 - Reflection, Amplification, Tunnelling etc.

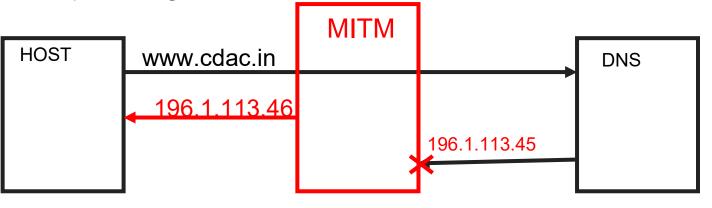




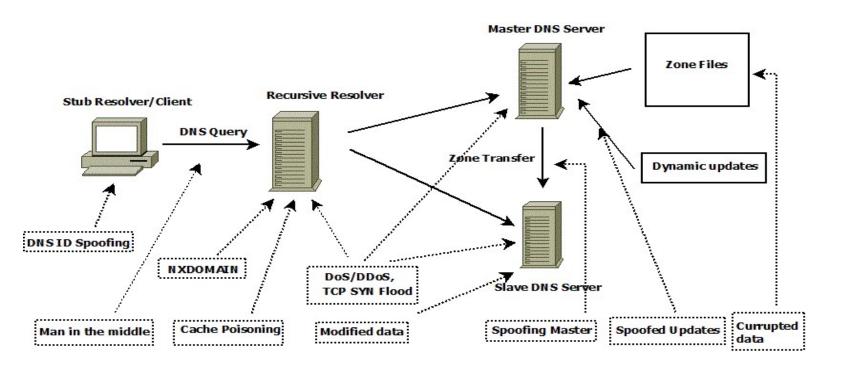
Man in The Middle Attack



- This is done by spoofing the source IP of the DNS servers and can become a bridge between the real DNS server and the client.
- ARP cache poisoning in LAN.



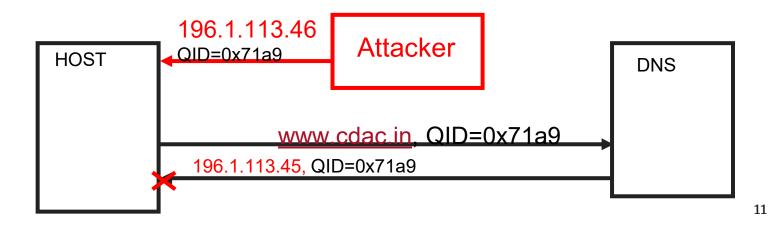




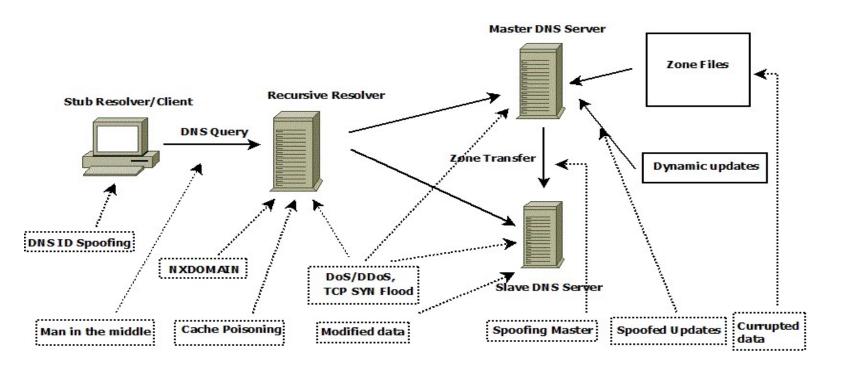
DNS ID Spoofing

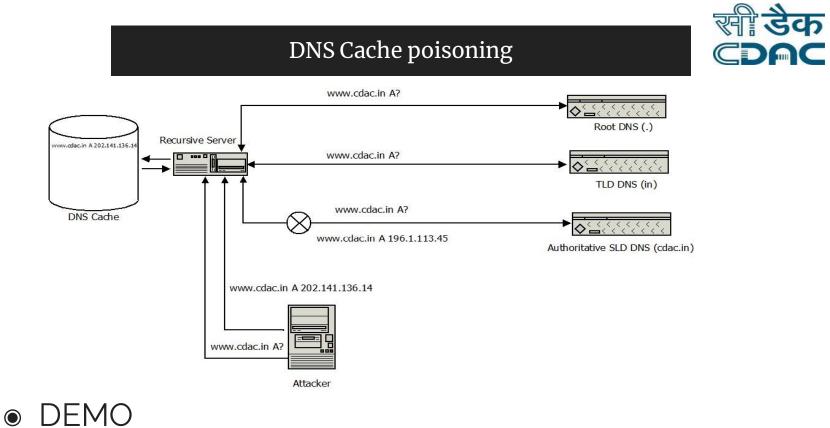


- DNS Client has query ID associated with each DNS query.
- If attacker knows the query ID, reply with fake records.

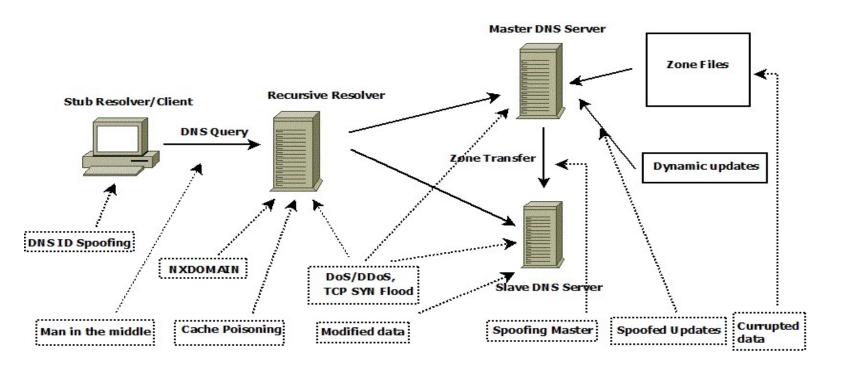


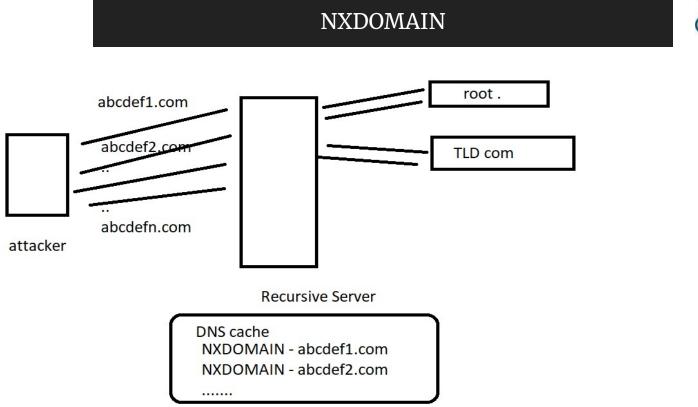












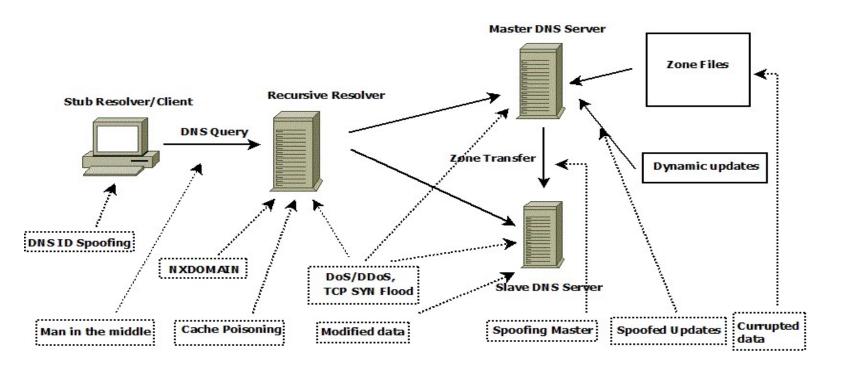
सी डैक **CDAC**

NXDOMAIN



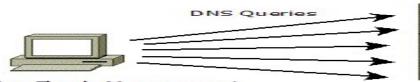
- The attacker sends the flood of queries to Recursive DNS server for resolving of non existing domain name.
- ONS Server cannot find the answer of the query and reply back with NXDOMAIN results, in process the recursive DNS servers cache data fills up with NXDOMAIN results, which slows down the response time for the legitimate user.
- If high volume flood of queries generated then cache fills up very quickly, and the legitimate user feels high delay for their responses.







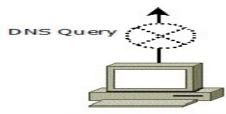
 Denial of Services(DoS) attack is a cyber-attack that is designed to bring down the network by creating unwanted traffic.



Attacker Floods Many request to the DNS Server



DNS Server gets busy by attackers request and dont respong to legitimate user



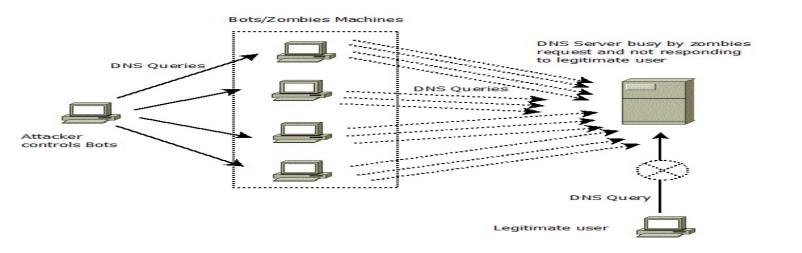
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legitimate user

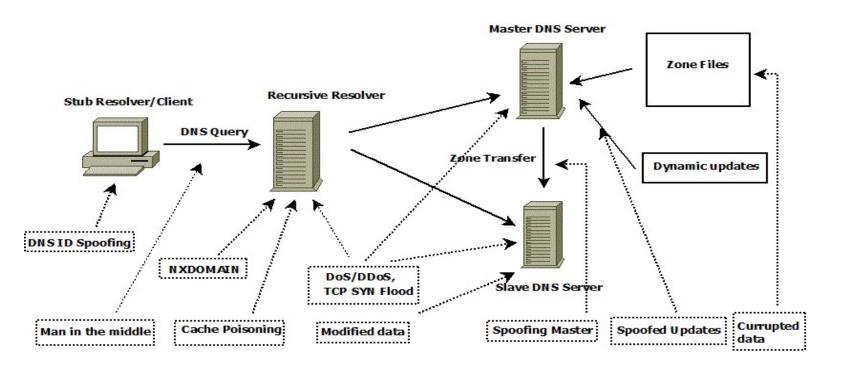


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 Distributed Denial of Services(DDoS) attack, uses a Trojan horse in which it uses multiple systems to target a single system.



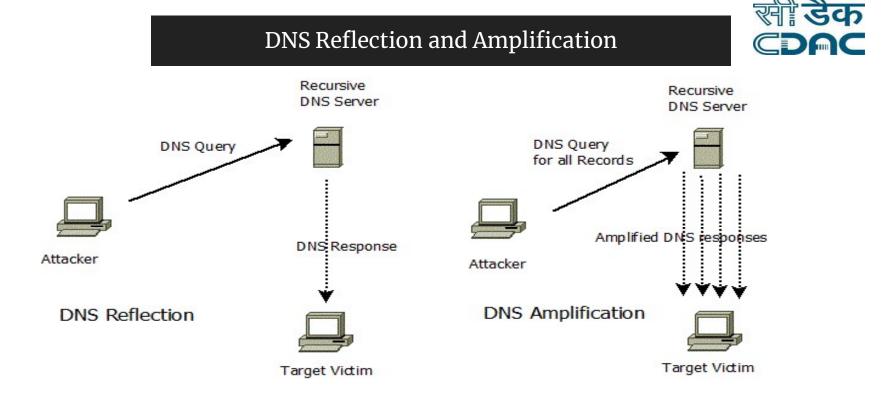


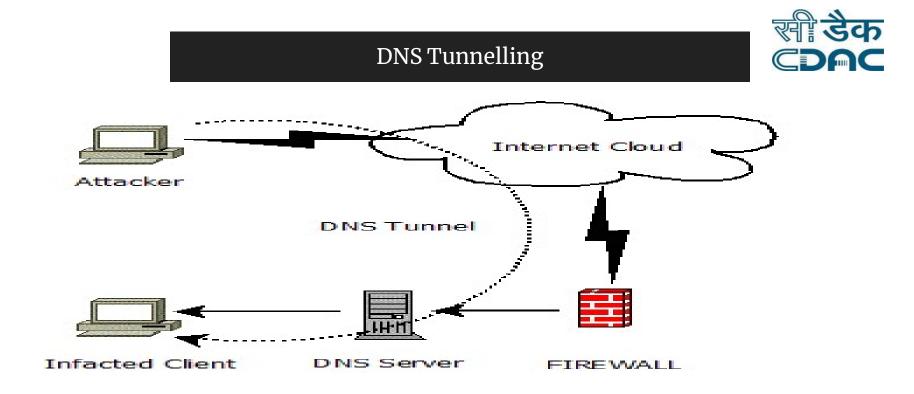


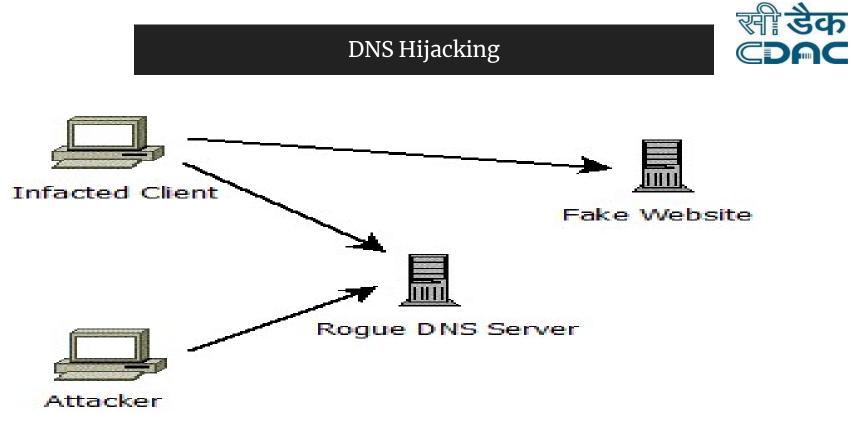
Attacks Exploiting DNS Infrastructure



- DNS Reflection
- DNS Amplification
- DNS Tunnelling
- DNS Hijacking







DNS Attacks Demonstration



- Reflection/Amplification
 - Dnsdrdos
 - Ethanwilloner DNS amplification Attack
 - Offensive python saddam amplification tool
- Demo of dnsdrdos tool

DNS Attacks Demonstration



- DNS Tunneling
 - \circ lodine
 - DNScat2
 - DNS2Tcp
- Demo of DNScat2

DNS Attacks Demonstration



- DNS cache poisoning
 - Msfconsole
 - \circ Bind 9.3.* or earlier
 - Kali Linux
- Demo

Thank You



- Queries?
 - <u>Sanjayadiwal@cdac.in</u>